## Autumn 1 Autumn 2

$\square$
$\square$

## Assessment Questions for Y 4 from the DFE Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/tfmdzvbg/cp-rtp-assessment-year-4.zip

| Unit 1 | Review of column addition and subtraction (3 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 3AS-2 Add and subtract up to three-digit numbers using columnar methods. |
| NCETM spine ref | 1.20 Algorithms: column addition <br> 1.21 Algorithms: column subtraction |
| Small step learning outcomes | 1 Pupils identify the addends and the sum in column addition <br> 2 Pupils use their knowledge of place value to correctly lay out column addition <br> 3 Pupis add a pair of 2-digit numbers using column addition <br> 4 Pupils add using column addition <br> 5 Pupils use their knowledge of column addition to solve problems <br> 6 Pupils add a pair of 2-digit numbers using column addition with regrouping in the ones <br> column  |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/nosnozfc/cp-year-4-unit-1-review-of-column-addition-andsubtraction.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 3AS-2 Page 109 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/aOohgpky/ncetm mm sp1 y3 se20 teach.pdf\#page=4 |


| Unit 2 | Numbers to 10,000 (5 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 4NPV-1 Know that 10 hundreds are equivalent to 1 thousand, and that 1,000 is 10 times the size of 100; apply this to identify and work out how many 100s there are in other four-digit multiples of 100. <br> 4NPV-2 Recognise the place value of each digit in four-digit numbers, and compose and decompose four-digit numbers using standard and nonstandard partitioning. <br> 4NPV-3 Reason about the location of any four-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1,000 and 100, and rounding to the nearest of each. <br> 4NPV-4 Divide 1,000 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in multiples of 1,000 with $2,4,5$ and 10 equal parts. |
|  | 4NF-3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 100). |
| NCETM spine ref. | 1.22 Composition and calculation: 1,000 and four-digit numbers |
| Small step learning outcomes | 1 Pupils explain how many tens, hundreds and ones 1,000 is composed of <br> 2 Pupils use knowledge of 1,000 to explain common measure conversions <br> 3 Pupils use knowledge of 1,000 to solve problems <br> 4 Pupils use different strategies to add multiples of 100 <br> 5 Pupils use different strategies to subtract multiples of 100 <br> 6 Pupils use knowledge of calculation and common measure conversions to solve problems <br> 7 Pupils compose and decompose four-digit numbers in different ways <br> 8 Pupils use strategies to make solving calculations more efficient <br> 9 Pupis compare and order four-digit tumbers <br> 10 Pupils calculate efficiently by using knowledge of place value, addition and subtraction <br> 11 Pupils explain what rounding is <br> 12 Pupils round a four-digit number to the nearest thousand <br> 13 Pupils round a four-digit number to the nearest hundred and ten <br> 14 Pupils round a four-digit number to the nearest thousand, hundred and ten <br> 15 Pupils add up to 3 four-digit numbers using a column addition <br> 16 Pupils subtract four-digit numbers using a column subtraction <br> 17 Pupils use strategies to make solving calculations more efficient <br> 18 Pupils explain how many '100s' and '200s', 1,000 is composed of <br> 19 Pupils explain how many '500s' and '250s', 1,000 is composed of |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/3jqpdcw1/cp-year-4-unit-2-numbers-to-10000.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4NPV-1 Page 146 <br> 4NPV-2 Page 149 <br> $4 N P V-3$ Page 150 <br> 4NPV-4 Page 155 <br> 4NF-3 Page 166 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/d1we1oso/ncetm mm sp1 y4 se22 teach.pdf\#page=4 |


| Unit 3 | Perimeter (2 weeks) |
| :--- | :--- |
| RtPs | 4G-2 Identify regular polygons, including equilateral triangles and squares, <br> as those in which the side-lengths are equal and the angles are equal. Find <br> the perimeter of regular and irregular polygons. |
| NCETM <br> spine ref. | 2.16 Multiplicative contexts: area and perimeter 1 |


| Unit 4 | 3, 6, 9 times tables (4 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 4NF-1 Recall multiplication and division facts up to $12 \times 12$, and recognise products in multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number. |
| NCETM spine ref. | 2.8 Times tables: 3, 6 and 9, and the relationship between them |
| Small step learning outcomes | Pupils represent counting in threes as the three times table <br> Pupils explain the relationship between adjacent multiples of three <br> Pupils use knowledge of the three times table to solve problems <br> Pupils represent counting in sixes as the six times table <br> Pupils explain the relationship between adjacent multiples of six <br> Pupils use knowledge of the six times table to solve problems <br> Pupils use known facts from the five times table to solve problems involving the six times <br> table <br> Pupils explain the relationship between multiples of three and multiples of six <br> Pupils use knowledge of the relationships between the three and six times tables to solve problems <br> Pupils represent counting in nines as the nine times table <br> Pupils explain the relationship between adjacent multiples of nine (1) <br> Pupils explain the relationship between adjacent multiples of nine (2) <br> Pupils use known facts from the ten times table to solve problems involving the nine times table <br> Pupils explain the relationship between multiples of three and multiples of nine <br> Pupils explain the relationship between pairs of three and nine times table facts that have the same product (1) <br> Pupils explain the relationship between pairs of three and nine times table facts that have the same product (2) <br> Pupils use the divisibility rules for divisors of three <br> Pupils use the divisibility rules for divisors of six (1) <br> Pupils use the divisibility rules for divisors of six (2) |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/lxhbnouu/cp-year-4-unit-4-3-6-9-times-tables.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4NF-1 Page 160 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/fckpucai/ncetm spine2 segment08 y3.pdf\#page=4 |


| Unit 5 | 7 times table and patterns (2 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 4NF-1 Recall multiplication and division facts up to $12 \times 12$, and recognise products in multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number. |
| NCETM spine ref. | 2.9 Times tables: 7 and patterns within/across times talbles |
| Small step learning outcomes | 1 Pupils represent counting in sevens as the 7 times table <br> 2 Pupils explain the relationship between adjacent multiples of seven <br> 3 Pupils use their knowledge of the 7 times table to solve problems <br> 4 Pupils identify patterns of odd and even numbers in the times tables <br> 5 Pupils represent a square number <br> 6 Pupils use knowledge of divisibility rules to solve problems |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/wzhdf0dh/cp-year-4-unit-5-7-times-table-and-patterns.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4NF-1 Page 160 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/3rfbznaa/ncetm spine2 segment09 y3.pdf\#page=5 |


| Unit 6 | Understanding and manipulating multiplicative relationships (5 weeks) |
| :--- | :--- |
| RtPs | 4MD-1 Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100 (keeping to whole <br> number quotients); understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or <br> 100 times the size. <br> 4MD-2 Manipulate multiplication and division equations, and understand and <br> apply the commutative property of multiplication. <br> 4MD-3 Understand and apply the distributive property of multiplication. |
| 4NF-3 Apply place-value knowledge to known addlitive and multiplicative |  |
| number facts (scaling facts by 100) |  |


|  | When we divide it by 100  <br> 18 Pupils explain why the last two zeros can be removed from a four-digit multiple of 100 when <br> we divide it by 100 <br> 19 Pupils use knowledge of the composition of 100 to multiply by 100 in different ways <br> 20 Pupils use knowledge of the composition of 100 to divide by 100 in different ways <br> 21 Pupils explain how making a factor 10 times the size affects the product <br> 22 Pupils explain how making the dividend 10 times the size affects the quotient <br> 23 Pupils explain how making a factor 100 times the size affects the product <br> 24 Pupils explain how making the dividend 100 times the size affects the quotient <br> 25 Pupils scale known multiplication facts by 100 <br> 26 Pupils scale division derived from multiplication facts by 100 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/asyjebai/cp-year-4-unit-6-understanding-and-manipulating-multiplicative-relationships.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4MD-1 Page 170 <br> 4MD-2 Page 173 <br> 4MD-3 Page 178 <br> 4NF-3 Page 166 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/qdif4n2k/ncetm spine2 segment10 y4.pdf\#page=4 <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/g30d2vg5/ncetm spine2 segment13 y4.pdf\#page=4 |


| Unit 7 | Coordinates (2 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 4G-1 Draw polygons, specified by coordinates in the first quadrant, and translate within the first quadrant. |
| NCETM spine ref. | No spine |
| Small step learning outcomes | 1 Pupils give directions from one position to another on a grid <br> 2 Pupils move objects including polygons on a grid according to directions, and mark the new <br> position <br> 3 Pupils describe translations of polygons drawn on a square grid <br> 4 Pupils draw polygons specified by translations <br> 5 Pupils mark points specified as a translation from the origin <br> 6 Pupils mark the position of points specified by coordinates in the first quadrant of a <br> coordinate grid, and write coordinates for already-marked points <br> 7 Pupils draw polygons specified by coordinates in the first quadrant <br> 8 Pupils translate polygons in the first quadrant |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/gtifunto/cp-year-4-unit-7-coordinates.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4G-1 Page 192 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> No spine |


| Unit 8 | Review of fractions (1 week) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 3F-1 Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts. |
| NCETM spine ref. | 3.1 Preparing for fractions: the part-whole relationship |
| Small step learning outcomes | 1 Pupils identify a whole and the parts that make it up <br> 2 Pupils explain why a part can only be defined when in relation to a whole <br> 3 Pupils identify the number of equal or unequal parts in a whole <br> 4 Pupils identify equal parts when they do not look the same <br> 5 Pupils explain the size of the part in relation to the whole <br> 6 Pupils construct a whole when given a part and the number of parts |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/uuofl0om/cp-year-4-unit-8-review-of-fractions.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 3F-1 Page 120 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/1qyn40y1/ncetm spine3 segment01 y3.pdf\#page=4 |


| Unit 9 | Fractions greater than 1 (5 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 4F-1 Reason about the location of mixed numbers in the linear number system. <br> 4F-2 Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa. 4F-3 Add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same denominator, including bridging whole numbers. |
| NCETM spine ref. | 3.5 Working across one whole: improper fractions and mixed numbers |
| Small step learning outcomes |  |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/q2abttfi/cp-year-4-unit-9-fractions-greater-than-1.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4F-1 page 182 <br> 4F-2 page 185 <br> 4F-3 page 188 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/vuhkoxkd/ncetm spine3 segment05 y4.pdf\#page=4 |


| Unit 10 | Symmetry in 2D shapes (2 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 4G-3 Identify line symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. Reflect shapes in a line of symmetry and complete a symmetric figure or pattern with respect to a specified line of symmetry. |
| NCETM spine ref. | No spine |
| Small step learning outcomes | 1 Pupils complete a symmetrical pattern <br> 2 Pupils compose symmetrical shapes from two congruent shapes <br> 3 Pupils investigate lines of symmetry in 2D shapes by folding paper shape cut-outs <br> 4 Pupils find lines of symmetry in 2D shapes using a mirror <br> 5 Pupils reflect polygons in a line of symmetry <br> 6 Pupils reflect polygons that are dissected by a line of symmetry |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/u5jdfjgc/cp-year-4-unit-10-symmetry-in-2d-shapes.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4G-3 Page 201 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> No spine for geometry |


| Unit 11. | Time (1. week) |
| :--- | :--- |
| RtPs | This topic is part of the National Curriculum but is not included in the DfE <br> 2020 guidance or the NCETM Mastery PD Materials. |
| NCETM <br> spine ref. | NA |
| Small step <br> learning <br> outcomes | There are no NCETM small step learning outcomes for this unit. <br> National curriculum statutory requirements (p28) <br> Pupils should be taught to: <br> read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks <br> solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to <br> months; weeks to days. |
| Download <br> Links | Classroom Slides <br> No slides available but see NCETM's website for further ideas <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/classroom-resources/cp-year-4-unit-11-time/ <br> Specific RtP Link <br> This topic is part of the National Curriculum but is not included in the DfE 2020 guidance or <br> the NCETM Mastery PD Materials. <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> No spine guidance |


| Unit 12 | Division with remainders (2 weeks) |
| :---: | :---: |
| RtPs | 4NF-2 Solve division problems, with two-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, that involve remainders. |
| NCETM spine ref. | 2.12 Division with remainders |
| Small step learning outcomes | $\left.\begin{array}{ll}1 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Pupils interpret a division story when there is a remainder and represent it with an equation } \\ \text { (i) }\end{array} \\ \text { ( } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Pupils interpret a division story when there is a remainder and represent it with an equation } \\ \text { (ii) }\end{array} \\ 3 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Pupils interpret a division story when there is a remainder and represent it with an equation }\end{array} \\ 4 & \begin{array}{l}\text { (iii) } \\ 5\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Pupils explain how the remainder relates to the divisor in a division equation }\end{array}\right\}$ |
| Download Links | Classroom Slides <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/flvfptkg/cp-year-4-unit-12-division-with-remainders.pptx <br> Specific RtP Link <br> 4NF-2 Page 163 <br> Spine Materials Teacher Guidance <br> https://www.ncetm.org.uk/media/lhnbhb1v/ncetm spine2 segment12 y4.pdf\#page=4 |

